# **Annual Status Report 2006**

Presented by

# The Government of



Submission date:
Annual status report (this report gives an account of the activities
performed in 2006 and specifies requests for 2008)

\*Unless specified otherwise, the documents may be disclosed to the partners of GAVI, its associates and the public.

## Signature page for SSV, SSI and SNV

#### On behalf of the Government of SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE

winistry o	r Health:	Ministry of Finance:		
Title:	Minister of Health	Title: Direc	ctor of Economic Planning	
Signature:		Signature:		
Date:		Date:		

We, the undersigned members of the CCIA (Inter-Agency Coordination Committee) endorse this report. Signature of the validation page of this document does not imply any financial (or legal) commitment by the partner institution or the individual.

The obligation to report financial aspects is an integral part of monitoring the performance reports of the countries by GAVI Alliance. It is based on the need to perform regular governmental audits, as specified in the bank form.

The members of CCIA confirm that the funds received from GAVI Funding have been properly audited and that their use has been properly justified as officially required by the Government or partners.

Name/Title	Institution/ Organisation	Signature	Date
		l	

## Signature page for RSS Support

On behalf of the Government of			
Ministry of Health:	Ministry	y of Finance:	
Title:	Title:		
Signature:	Signatu	re:	
Date:	Date:		
We, the undersigned members of Committee	) (insert r rogramme. Signatur	name) endorse this e of the validation	report on the page of this
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Name/Title	Institution/ Organisation	Signature	Date
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The text zones in this report are approximate only. Naturally you may add text in addition to the space provided.

#### 1. Report of progress made in 2006

#### 1.1 Support for vaccination services (SSV)

Do the funds received for SSV correspond to the budget (do they appear in the budget of the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Finance): Yes/No

If so, explain in detail in the box below how they appear in the budget of the Ministry of Health. If not, are they due to correspond to the budget in the near future?

Since 2003, we have received no funds for  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SSV}}$ 

#### 1.1.1 Management of SSV funds

Explain the mechanism for managing SSV funds, including the role played by the Inter-Agency Coordination Committee (CCIA).

Report any problems found in use of these funds, such as for example late provision of the funds for implementation of the programme.

- GAVI funds are used only after authorisation by the CCIA, whose role is to approve the planned use of the funds;
- GAVI funds cannot be drawn without the signature of a representative of OMS or UNICEF and a representative of the Ministry of Health
- No problem has been found in use of these funds

#### 1.1.2 Use of support for vaccination services

In 2006.	the following ma	in sectors of activity	v were financed b	resources from the	Support for	vaccination services	of GAVI Alliance
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Funds received during the year 2006	USD 0.00
Balance (carried forward) from 2005	USD 2,685.53
Balance to carry forward to 2007	USD 762.86

Table 2: Use of funds in 2006\*

0-1	Total amount in USD	AMOUNT OF FUNDS				
Sector of Support for vaccination services			PRIVATE SECTOR			
vaccination services		Central	Region/State/Province	District	& Others	
Vaccines						
Injection equipment						
Personnel						
Transport						
Maintenance and general costs	240.88			240.88		
Training						
IEC / social mobilisation						
Campaigns targeted at groups						
difficult to reach						
Supervision						
Monitoring and assessment						
Epidemiological monitoring						
Vehicles	1681.79	1302.40		379.40		
Cold chain equipment						
Other (please specify)						
Total:	1922.67	1302.40		620.28		
Balance of funds for						
following year:	762.86					

<sup>\*</sup>If no information is available because global grants have been paid, please enter the amounts in the boxes for support sector "Other".

# Please attach the minutes of the CCIA meeting(s) at which allocation and use of the funds were discussed.

were discussed.				
Please report the main activities carried out to reinforce vaccination, and the problems which arose concerning your multi-year plan.				
- Social mobilisation campaigns - Logistical support in the field of transport for supervisory activities in the districts and for vaccinators for the advanced strategy				
1.1.3 Quality control of data relating to vaccination (CQD)				
Next CQD* scheduled for				
*If no CQD has given a positive result, when will a CQD be performed?  *If the last CQD gave a positive result, the next CQD takes place 5 years after the positive CQD.  *If no CQD has been carried out, when will the first CQD be performed?				
What are the main recommendations of the CQD ?				
NB: STP has not been involved in CQD and no CQD is scheduled				
The members of the CCIA recommended proposing to GAVI that quality control be carried out on data relating to vaccination, and if GAVI is unable to find other partners for this				
Has an action plan been prepared for improving the system of producing reports on the basis of CQD recommendations?				
YES NO Not applicable				
If so, please specify the degree of progress of its implementation, and attach the plan.				
See comment in the box above				

# <u>Please attach the minutes of the CCIA meeting during which the CQD action plan was discussed and adopted by the CCIA. Not applicable</u>

Please give a summary of the studies performed in 2006 concerning the topic of PEV (for example, cover studies) Not applicable.

#### 1.1.4. CCIA meetings

How many meetings did the CCIA hold in 2006? Please attach the minutes. Are any Civil Organisations members of the CCIA and if so, which?

CCIA once Rotary Club STP Red Cross

#### 1.2. GAVI Alliance support for new vaccines and under-used vaccines (SNV)

#### 1.2.1. Receipt of new vaccines and under-used vaccines in 2006

When was the new vaccine or under-used vaccine introduced? Please specify any modification of doses per bottle and vaccine form (e.g. from DTC + HepB mono to DTC-HepB) and dates of receipt of vaccines received in 2006.

Vaccine	Bottle size	Doses	Date of introduction	Date of receipt (2006)
Hepatitis B	10	17.200	September 2003	02/09/2006
Yellow Fever	5	7.600	September 2003	04/02/2006

Please report any problems found.

Shortage of stock of Hepatitis B antigen in February 2006 for 7 months because the doses of the vaccines supplied were insufficient, and the country was forced to request support from other partners to meet the shortage

#### 1.2.2. Main activities

Please give an assessment of the main activities performed or to be performed for introduction, progressive use, reinforcement of services etc., and describe any problems found.

Health training session with messages on vaccination in post offices and health centres, and in communities, by advance teams.

Supervision of performance of services, including cold chain, at all levels

# 1.2.3. Use of financial support from GAVI financing entity (100,000 USD) for introduction of the new vaccine

These funds were received on: \_\_27/05/03

Please account for the portion of the 100,000 USD used, the activities performed, and the problems found such as late provision of funds for implementation of the programme.

The GAVI fund for introduction of new vaccines (100,000 USD) was made available in 2003, only **USD 16,619.68** has been used for introduction of vaccines against Hepatitis B and Yellow Fever. Since then, **USD 83,380.32** has remained in the bank. The members of the CCIA have submitted a proposal for use of this funds taking into account the urgent needs of the programme. Information on use of the funds was supplied in the previous report.

#### 1.2.4. Assessment of vaccine management/effective management of vaccine storage

The last Assessment of vaccine management (EGV) / effective management of vaccine storage (GEEV)/ was performed on\_\_1998.

Please summarise the main recommendations of EGV/GEEV.

The next assessment is scheduled for October 2007

Has an action plan been prepared following the EGV/GEEV: Yes/ (No) Not applicable

Please summarise the main activities in the GEEV plan and the activities designed to implement the recommendations.

Not applicable

The next EGV /GEEV\* will be performed on: October 2007

\*All countries are obliged to perform an EGV/GEEV during the second year of GAVI support for new vaccines in Phase 2.

#### 1.3 Injection safety (SSI)

#### 1.3.1 Receipt of support for injection safety

Received as funds/in kind

Please report the receipt of support from GAVI Alliance in 2006 for injection safety (add lines if necessary).

Equipment for injection safety	Quantity	Date of receipt
Self-blocking syringes	0	
Reconstitution syringes	0	
Safe box	0	

Please report any problems found.

No support for injection safety was received in 2006. 2005 was the last for SSI for São Tomé and Principe

# 1.3.2. Situation of plan for transition to safe injections and risk-free management of sharp waste.

If support has ended, please specify how the injection safety equipment is financed.

Injection safety equipment has been supported by UNICEF

Please report the method of disposal of sharp waste.

All sharp waste is placed in boxes (safe box) and then burned.

Please report the problems found during implementation of the plan for transition to safe injections and risk-free management of sharp waste.

The problem is the lack of incinerators, which requires us to burn sharp waste.

The members of the CCIA have recommended using the funds for introduction of new vaccines, for the acquisition of incinerators.

1.3.3.	Declaration on use of support from GAVI Alliance in 2006 for injection safety (if
	received in the form of funds)

The following main sectors of activity were financed (specify amount) during the past year, thanks to support from GAVI Alliance for injection safety:	
No funds were received .	

# Co-financing of vaccines, financing of vaccination and financial viability

Important Note: As part of GAVI Alliance Phase 2, all countries are expected to co-finance the introduction of new vaccines from the start of Phase 2 (except for introduction of the second vaccine dose against measles in routine vaccination). The Annual Status Report has been modified in an attempt to observe what has happened in the countries after implementation of the new GAVI Alliance policies relating to co-financing of vaccines. We are asking the countries to complete three new information tables and answer questions on what has happened in your country.

The aim of Table 2 is to understand the development of global expenditure on vaccination and the financial context.

Table 3 has been designed to assist GAVI Alliance assess the co-financing of vaccines allocated by GAVI according to the scale of the country, with regard to both doses and financial amounts. If GAVI Alliance has allocated more than one new vaccine to your country in Phase 2, please complete a separate table for each new vaccine co-financed.

The aim of the questions relating to Table 4 is to understand how the co-financing needs, according to the scale of the country, are integrated in national planning and budget setting mechanisms. A large part of the information required can be taken from the global multiyear plan, your country's proposal to GAVI and the confirmation letter from the Alliance. Please take into account all years up to the end of your PPAg. The co-financing levels can be calculated using the Excel sheet provided for calculating vaccine demand.

Table 2: Total of vaccination expenditure and development of vaccination financing							
Total vaccination expenditure and development of vaccination financing	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Vaccination							
expenditure							
Vaccines							
Injection equipment							
Personnel							
Other operational expenses							
Cold chain equipment							
Vehicles							
Other							
Total vaccination expenditure							
Total government health expenditure							
Vaccination financing							
Government							
GAVI							
UNICEF							
OMS							
World Bank							

Other (please specify)			
Other (please specify)			
Total financing			

	For the first vaccine allocated by GAVI, specify which this is (e.g. Hepatitis B)								
Actual co-financing provided by your country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010				
Total quantity of doses co-financed by your country									
Total amount of co- financing by your country									
Of which, proportion from									
Government									
Basket/Common financing/SWAp									
Other (please specify)									
Other (please specify)									
Other (please specify)									
Total co-financing									

Table 3b: Co-financing of vaccines by your country								
For the second vaccine allocated by GAVI, specify which this is (e.g. Yellow Fever)								
Actual co-financing provided by your country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010			
Total quantity of doses co-financed by your country								
Total amount of co- financing by your country								
Of which, proportion from								
Government								
Basket/Common financing/SWAp								
Other (please specify)								
Other (please specify)								
Other (please specify)			_					
Total co-financing								

Table 3c: Co-financing of vaccines by your country									
For the third vaccine allocated by GAVI, specify which this is (e.g. DTC-HepB)  Actual co-financing									
2009	2010								
_									

Table 4: Questions relating to the implementation of co-financing of vaccines - Not applicable Q. 1: Have there been any discrepancies between the proposed payment schedules and the actual schedules in the year of the report ?										
Schedule of co-financed payments	Proposed payment schedule	Dates of actual payments in the year of the report	Delay in payment of co-financed payments							
	(month/year)	(day/month)	(days)							
1st vaccine allocated (specify)										
2nd vaccine allocated (specify)	2nd vaccine allocated (specify)									
3rd vaccine allocated (specify)										

Q. 2: Which vaccine purchase mechanisms			
		List corresponding	
	Tick if yes	vaccines	Source of funds
Government purchases - AOI			
Government purchases - Other			
		BCG, DTC, VAT	
UNICEF	X	and measles	
Renewable funds of OPS			
Donations			
		Hepatitis B and	
Other (specify)	Х	Yellow Fever	GAVI

Q. 3: Are the co-financing needs included in systems?	in the following national	Pianing and budget setting
	Tick if yes	List corresponding vaccines
Budget item for vaccine purchase		
National health sector plan		
National health budget		
Medium-term expenditure		
SWAp		
Analysis of PPAg costs and financing		
Annual vaccination programme		
Other		
Q. 4: What factors have slowed down and/vaccines?	or hindered the mobilisa	ation of resources for co-financing
Not applicable		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
<ul><li>Q. 5: Do you expect to meet difficulties in of</li><li>1. Delay in approval of National Health Budge</li></ul>	co-financing vaccines to	or the future? Which?
T. Delay III approval of National Health Buoge	ei	
2. Difficulty in releasing funds		
3. Poor availability of donors		
4.		
5.		

## 3. Request for new and under-used vaccines for 2008

Part 3 concerns the demand for new and under-used vaccines, and injection safety for 2008.

#### 3.1. Updated vaccination targets

Confirm/update the basic data approved in your country's application. Data with figures must correspond to those given in the joint OMS/UNICEF report forms. Any change and/or difference **MUST** be justified in the box provided for this (3.2). Targets for the coming years **MUST** be specified.

spe	cified.
etc.	ase provide justification for the changes in reference bases, targets, loss rates, vaccine forms in relation to the plan previously approved, and differences in figures provided in relation to se provided in the joint OMS/UNICEF report form, in the box below.

Table 7: Update of achievements in vaccination and annual targets. Please provide the figures given in the joint OMS/UNICEF 2006 report and the forecasts for 2007 and beyond.

Novel on of	Achievements and targets								
Number of	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DENOMINATORS									
Births	5236	5279	5364	5089	5097	5098	5090	5111	5193
Neonatal deaths	232	223	215	225	237	252	267	282	297
Surviving newborns	4823	5056	5149	4864	4860	4846	4823	4829	4896
Children vaccinated in 2006 (FRC) / to be vaccinated in 2007 and beyond with the <b>1st dose</b> of DTC (DTC1)*	5158	5551	5149	4987	4995	4996	4988	5009	5028
Children vaccinated in 2006 (FRC) / to be vaccinated in 2007 and beyond with the <b>3rd dose</b> of DTC (DTC3)*	4993	5165	5046	4885	4893	4894	4886	4906	4925
NEW VACCINES**									
Children vaccinated in 2006 (FRC) / to be vaccinated in 2007 and beyond with the <b>1st dose of</b> antiamarillic vaccine (new vaccine)	3521	4462	4891	4834	4842	4843	4835	4855	4874
Children vaccinated in 2006 (FRC) / to be vaccinated in 2007 and beyond with the <b>3rd dose</b> of Hepatitis B (new vaccine)	4928	3770	4854	5046	4885	4893	4894	4886	4925
Loss rate in 2006 and expected rate in 2007 and beyond*** for (new vaccine)									
INJECTION SAFETY****									
Pregnant women vaccinated / to be vaccinated with VAT	5163	5306	5781	6305	6478	6649	6820	6991	7162
Newborns vaccinated / to be vaccinated with BCG	5151	5344	5097	5038	5046	5047	5039	5060	5080
Newborns vaccinated / to be vaccinated against measles	4557	4468	4891	4834	4842	4843	4835	4855	4874

<sup>\*</sup> Give the precise number of children vaccinated during previous years and updated targets (with DTC alone or combined)
\*\* Use three lines (as stated in the chapter **NEW VACCINES**) for each new vaccine introduced
\*\*\*Indicate the loss rates actually found during previous years

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Insert lines as required

# 3.2 Confirmed/revised request for new vaccines (to be given to the Supply Division of UNICEF) for 2008

In the case of a change in vaccine form or increase in your request, please specify below whether the Supply Division of UNICEF has guaranteed availability of the new quantity/form of supplies.

Not applicable			

Please supply the Excel calculation sheet for vaccine demand, duly completed, and summarise this in Table 6 below. For the calculation, please use the same targets as in table 5.

Table 6. Estimated quantity of doses of vaccine ....... (Please produce an additional table for each additional vaccine and number these 6a, 6b, 6c etc.)

Vaccine:	2008	2009	2010
Total number of doses required	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Doses to be provided by GAVI			
Doses to be purchased by the country			
Co-payment in USD/dose			
Total co-payment			

<sup>\*</sup> Depending on the co-financing policy of GAVI, the grouping of the countries and the order of introduction of vaccines

#### Notes

- Progressive introduction: Please adapt the target number children who will receive the new vaccines if
  progressive introduction is proposed. If the target number for HepB3 and Hib3 differs from that of DTC3, please
  give reasons for this difference.
- Vaccine losses: Countries are expected to allow for a maximum loss of 50% for a lyophilised vaccine in bottles of 10 or 20 doses, 25% for a liquid vaccine in bottles of 10 or 20 doses and 10% for all vaccines (liquids or lyophilised) in bottles of 1 or 2 doses.
- Buffer stock: The buffer stock is recalculated each year as equal to 25% of current vaccine needs.
- Vaccines in stock at start of 2008: This number is calculated from the current balance of vaccines in stock, including the balance of buffer stock. Enter zero if all vaccines provided during the year concerned (including buffer stock) will probably be used before the start of the following year. Countries with little or no vaccine in stock are asked to prove the use of the vaccines.
- Self-blocking syringes: A loss factor of 1.11 is applied to the total number of vaccine doses requested from the Fund, excluding vaccine losses.
- Reconstitution syringes: These are only for lyophilised vaccines. Enter zero for other vaccines.
- <u>Safe boxes:</u> A multiplication factor of 1.11 is applied to safe boxes to take account of zones where a box is used for less than 100 syringes.

Table 7: Loss rates and factors

Vaccine loss rates	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	40%	45%	50%	55%	60%
Equivalent loss factor	1.05	1.11	1.18	1.25	1.33	1.43	1.54	1.67	1.82	2.00	2.22	2.50

**Table 8: Estimated supplies for vaccination safety for the next two years with ......** (Use one table per vaccine: BCG, DTC, measles and VAT, and number them 8a, 8b, 8c etc.) Please use the same targets as table 5.

		Formula	For 2008	For 2009
Α	Target number of children for vaccination(for DTC: target number of pregnant women) (1)	#	5863	5931
В	Number of doses per child (for VAT: target number of pregnant women) (1)	#	3	3
С	Number of doses of	AxB	17589	17793
D	Self-blocking syringes (+10% loss)	C x 1.11	19524	19750
Ε	Buffer stock of self-blocking syringes (2)	C x 0.25	4881	4937
F	Total self-blocking syringes	D+E	24405	24687
G	Number of doses per bottle	#	10	10
Н	Vaccine loss factor (3)	2 or 1.6	1,6	1,6
I	Number of reconstitution syringes (+10% loss) (4)	C x H x 1.11/G	-	-
J	Number of safe boxes (+10% extra)	(F + I) x 1.11/100	271	274

- 1 Allow 2 doses maximum for pregnant women (estimate provided by total number of births)
- 2 The buffer stock of vaccines and self-blocking syringes is set at 25%. This stock is added to the first stock of doses necessary to introduce the vaccine in any geographical zone. Enter zero for other years.
- 3 The standard loss factor is used for calculation of syringes for reconstitution. This is 2 for BCG and 1.6 for measles and YF.
- 4 Only for lyophilised vaccines. Enter zero for other vaccines.

the quantity of the present request differs from that specified in the GAVI approval letter, please live reasons.							

**Table 8: Estimated supplies for vaccination safety for the next two years with .......** (Use one table per vaccine: BCG, DTC, measles and VAT, and number them 8a, 8b, 8c etc.) Please use the same targets as table 5.

		Formula	For 2008	For 2009
Α	Target number of children for	#		
	vaccination(for BCG: target number of pregnant women) (1)		6288	6488
В	Number of doses per child (for BCG: target number of pregnant women) (1)	#	1	1
С	Number of doses of	AxB	6288	6488
D	Self-blocking syringes (+10% loss)	C x 1.11	6979	7201
E	Buffer stock of self-blocking syringes (2)	C x 0.25	1745	1800
F	Total self-blocking syringes	D+E	8724	9001
G	Number of doses per bottle	#	20	20
Н	Vaccine loss factor (3)	2 or 1.6	2	2
I	Number of reconstitution syringes (+10% loss) (4)	C x H x 1.11/G	698	720
J	Number of safe boxes (+10% extra)	(F + I) x 1.11/100	104	108

- 1 Allow 2 doses maximum for pregnant women (estimate provided by total number of births)
- 2 The buffer stock of vaccines and self-blocking syringes is set at 25%. This stock is added to the first stock of doses necessary to introduce the vaccine in any geographical zone. Enter zero for other years.
- 3 The standard loss factor is used for calculation of syringes for reconstitution. This is 2 for BCG and 1.6 for measles and YF.
- 4 Only for lyophilised vaccines. Enter zero for other vaccines.

If the quantity of the present request differs from that specified in the GAVI approval letter, please give reasons.

Not applicable		

**Table 8: Estimated supplies for vaccination safety for the next two years with ......** (Use one table per vaccine: BCG, DTC, measles and VAT, and number them 8a, 8b, 8c etc.) Please use the same targets as table 5.

		Formula	For 2008	For 2009
Α	Target number of children for	#	5863	5931
	vaccination(for measles: target			
	number of pregnant women) (1)			
В	Number of doses per child (for	#	1	1
	measles: target number of pregnant			
	women) (1)			
С	Number of doses of	AxB	5863	5931
D	Self-blocking syringes (+10% loss)	C x 1.11	6508	6583
Е	Buffer stock of self-blocking syringes	C x 0.25	1627	1646
	(2)			
F	Total self-blocking syringes	D+E	8135	8229
G	Number of doses per bottle	#	10	10
Н	Vaccine loss factor (3)	2 or 1.6	1,6	1,6
I	Number of reconstitution syringes	C x H x 1.11/G	1041	1053
	(+10% loss) (4)			
J	Number of safe boxes (+10% extra)	(F + I) x 1.11/100	100	103

- 1 Allow 2 doses maximum for pregnant women (estimate provided by total number of births)
- 2 The buffer stock of vaccines and self-blocking syringes is set at 25%. This stock is added to the first stock of doses necessary to introduce the vaccine in any geographical zone. Enter zero for other years.
- 3 The standard loss factor is used for calculation of syringes for reconstitution. This is 2 for BCG and 1.6 for measles and YF.
- 4 Only for lyophilised vaccines. Enter zero for other vaccines.

If the quantity	of the present re	equest differs f	rom that speci	fied in the GAVI	approval letter	, please
give reasons.						

Not applicable			

**Table 8: Estimated supplies for vaccination safety for the next two years with ......** (Use one table per vaccine: BCG, DTC, measles and VAT, and number them 8a, 8b, 8c etc.) Please use the same targets as table 5.

		Formula	For 2008	For 2009
Α	Target number of children for	#	6772	6986
	vaccination(for VAT: target number			
	of pregnant women) (1)			
В	Number of doses per child (for VAT:	#	2	2
	target number of pregnant women) (1)			
С	Number of doses of	AxB	13544	13972
D	Self-blocking syringes (+10% loss)	C x 1.11	15034	15509
Е	Buffer stock of self-blocking syringes	C x 0.25	3386	3877
	(2)			
F	Total self-blocking syringes	D+E	18420	19386
G	Number of doses per bottle	#	10	10
Н	Vaccine loss factor (3)	2 or 1.6	1,6	1,6
I	Number of reconstitution syringes	C x H x 1.11/G	-	-
	(+10% loss) (4)			
J	Number of safe boxes (+10% extra)	(F + I) x 1.11/100	205	216

- 1 Allow 2 doses maximum for pregnant women (estimate provided by total number of births)
- 2 The buffer stock of vaccines and self-blocking syringes is set at 25%. This stock is added to the first stock of doses necessary to introduce the vaccine in any geographical zone. Enter zero for other years.
- 3 The standard loss factor is used for calculation of syringes for reconstitution. This is 2 for BCG and 1.6 for measles and YF.
- 4 Only for lyophilised vaccines. Enter zero for other vaccines.

If the quantity of the present request differs from that specified in the GAVI approval letter, please give reasons.

Not applicable			

## 4. Reinforcement of health systems (RSS)

This part need only be completed by countries whose proposals for RSS support have been approved. It serves as an initial report to allow funds to be released for 2008. Consequently, countries are obliged to report all activities undertaken in 2007. Not applicable

Do Civil Organisations participate in implementation of the RSS proposal, and explain how.
Not applicable
If you wish to modify the expenditure schedule as defined in the proposal, please give reasons and provide justification of the modification of your expenditure request. The expenses can be broken down to show more information in table 9.
Not applicable

Please attach the minutes of the CCSS meeting(s) at which the distribution of funds and requests for the following tranche were discussed. Please attach the latest balance sheet report of the health sector and the audit report of the account to which the RSS funds were transferred. This is a precondition for release of funds for 2008.

**Table 9. RSS expenditure in 2007 (**Please complete the boxes for expenditure linked to RSS activities and your request for 2008. If the request for 2008 has changed, please give reasons in the explanation above). *Not applicable* 

Support sector	2007 (Expenditure)	2007 (Balance)	2008 (Request)
Cost of activities			
Target 1			
Activity 1.1			
Activity 1.2			
Activity 1.3			
Activity 1.4			
Target 2			
Activity 2.1			
Activity 2.2			
Activity 2.3			
Activity 2.4			
Target 3			
Activity 3.1			
Activity 3.2			
Activity 3.3			
Activity 3.4			
Support costs			
Management costs			
Support costs for S&E			
Technical assistance			
TOTAL COSTS			

Table 10. RSS Activities in 2007 (please report activities in 2007) Not applicable				
Main activities	2007			
Target 1				
Activity 1.1				
Activity 1.2				
Activity 1.3				
Activity 1.4				
Target 2				
Activity 2.1				
Activity 2.2				
Activity 2.3				
Activity 2.4				
Target 3				
Activity 3.1				
Activity 3.2				
Activity 3.3				
Activity 3.4				

Table 11. Please update the indicators forming the reference base Not applicable						
Indicator	Data source	Reference base value <sup>1</sup>	Source <sup>2</sup>	Date of reference base	Target	Stop date
1. National cover by DTC3 (%)						
2. Number / % of districts achieving ≥80% cover by DTC3						
3. Mortality rates of children aged under five (per 1000)						
4.						
5.						
6.						

Please describe whether the targets were met, what types of problem you found measuring the indicators, how the monitoring process was reinforced, and whether changes have been proposed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If the reference bases are not available, indicate whether data collection is planned and when it will take place. <sup>2</sup> The source is important for facilitating access to data and verifying its conformity.

## 5. Points to be verified

Checklist for completed form:

Required point on form:	Completed	Comments
Submission date		
Period for which the report is produced (previous calendar year)		
Government signatures		
Endorsement by CCIA		
Table 1 completed	?	Not identified in form
Report given on previous QD	Not applicable	
Report given on use of 100,000 USD	yes	
Report given on injection safety	yes	
Report given on PVF (progress made in relation to country's PVF indicators)		
Table 2 complete	?	There are 2 table 2s
Request for new vaccines completed	Not applicable	
Revised request for support for injection safety made (where applicable)	yes	
Report given on RSS support	Not applicable	
CCIA minutes attached to report		
CCSS minutes, audit report for RSS funds and annual assessment report for health sector attached to report	Not applicable	

# 6. Comments Comments of CCIA/CCSS:

		Formula	For 2008	For 2009
Α	Target number of children for	#	71680	6986
	vaccination(for VAT: target number of pregnant women) (1)			
В	Number of doses per child (for VAT: target number of pregnant women) (1)	#	1	2
С	Number of doses of	AxB		
D	Self-blocking syringes (+10% loss)	C x 1.11		
E	Buffer stock of self-blocking syringes (2)	C x 0.25		
F	Total self-blocking syringes	D + E		
G	Number of doses per bottle	#		
Н	Vaccine loss factor (3)	2 or 1.6		
I	Number of reconstitution syringes (+10% loss) (4)	C x H x 1.11/G		
J	Number of safe boxes (+10% extra)	(F + I) x 1.11/100		