Investment Committee Chair Report

BOARD MEETING **Stephen Zinser**6-7 June 2018, Geneva, Switzerland



Market Sentiment: Mixed

Volatility beginning to normalize: Both fixed income and equity markets shook off the low volatility regime of recent years.

Synchronized global growth continues for now: Ten years after the 2008 financial crisis, the US economy finally satisfied the Federal Reserve's twin mandates of low unemployment and moderate inflation.

Geopolitical risk rising: Political risk plays a more prominent role in investors' risk assessment compared to prior years.



Market Commentary

Equity markets: Overall the picture is mixed with particular weakness in emerging markets. US and European markets have modest gains year-to-date.

Fixed income: Most fixed income returns are negative year-to-date. Increases in yields and spread widening contributed to poor performance. US investment grade bonds suffered their worst performance in 20+ years.

Currencies: US dollar resumed its weak trend in 1Q, continuing its trajectory from 2017, but reversed in April and May.

Commodities: Declines in oil output from strife ridden countries and self-imposed OPEC limitations led to higher oil prices.

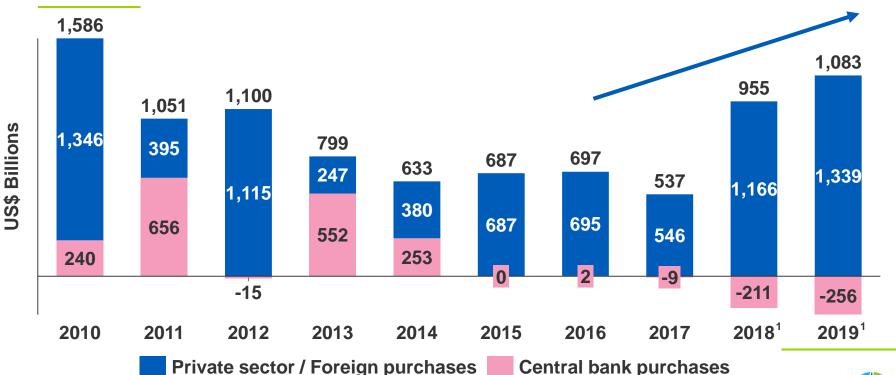
10-year US Treasury yields



Data as of 23 May 2018 Source: Bloomberg

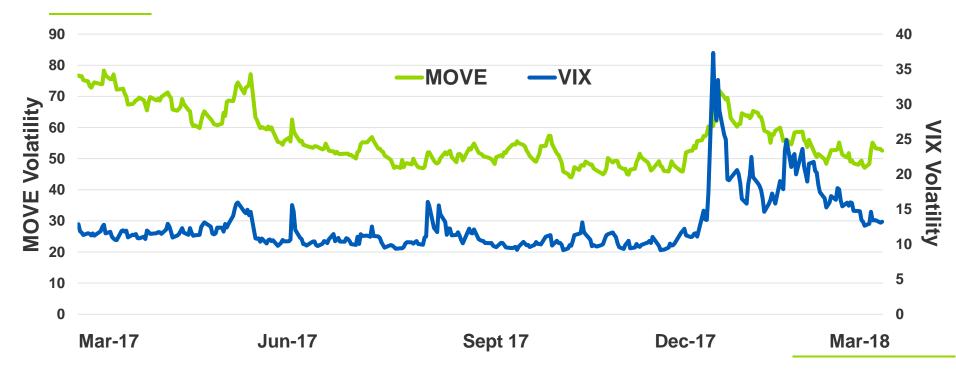


Demand/Supply of US Treasuries





Fixed Income and Equity Volatility



Data as of 22 May 2018 Source: Bloomberg

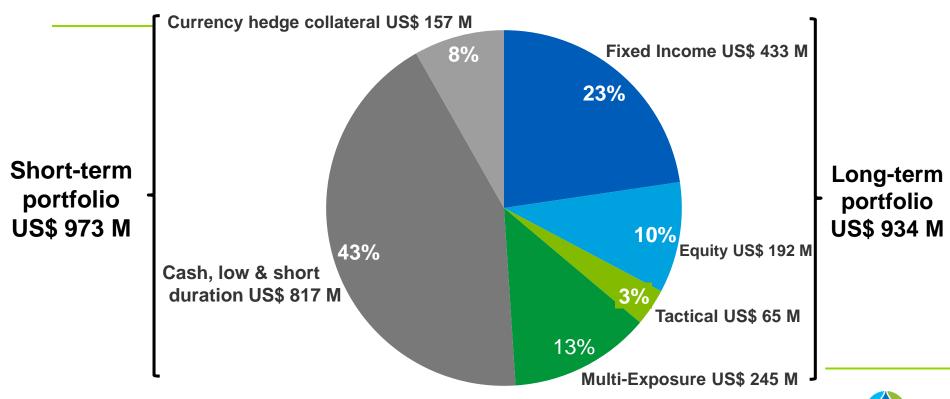


Portfolio Objectives

	Short-term		Long-term
•	Maintain liquidity to meet anticipated operating requirements.	• (Generate a positive real (after inflation) return.
		• (Generate income for current spending.
•	Provide for prudent diversification of investments to minimise credit and market risk exposure.		Provide a prudent degree of growth in assets to support future spending.
•	Generate income.	i	Provide for prudent diversification of nvestments to minimise correlation among nvestment strategies.
			Maintain liquidity to meet unanticipated operating requirements.
			Maintain overall portfolio volatility within acceptable risk levels.

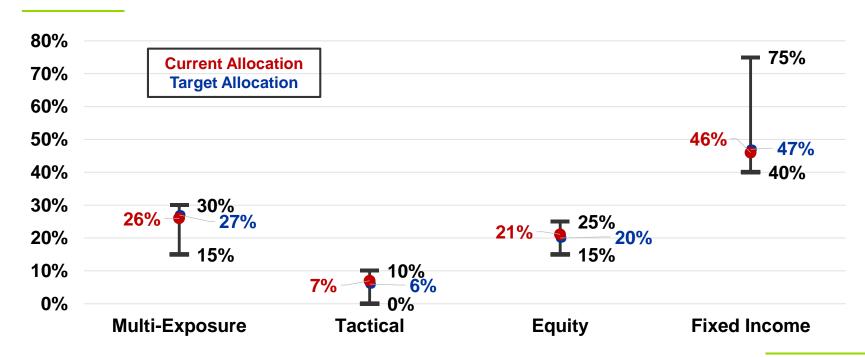


Gavi Portfolio Allocation (US\$ 1.9 B)¹





Long-Term Portfolio (Without Cash): Asset Allocation Ranges





Portfolio Net Returns

The total portfolio generated estimated year-to-date net investment income of US\$ 0.8 Million, and since inception, US\$ 550.8 Million.

Portfolio returns	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	YTD
Long-term portfolio	6.6%	2.9%	4.2%	(1.5%)	6.4%	11.7%	(0.5%)
Short-term portfolio	0.9%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.9%	1.0%	0.1%

Data as of 30 April 2018

Source: internal estimates, short-term portfolio figures based on strategies managed by the Investments team



Comparison of Indices Returns



Data as of 30 April 2018 Source: Bloomberg, internal estimates



Long-Term Portfolio Returns

Exposure vs. Benchmark	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	YTD
Fixed Income Barclays Multiverse ¹	0.8% (1.0%)	3.4% (0.6%)	0.9% (3.3%)	6.0% 2.8%	6.5% 7.7%	(0.5%) (0.3%)
Equity MSCI ACWI IMI	25.2% <i>23.6%</i>	6.4% 3.8%	(1.7%) (2.2%)	6.4% 8.4%	25.3% <i>24.0%</i>	(0.8%) 0.0%
Tactical BofA Merrill US 1-Year Treasury ²		5.4% ³ 0.6%	(10.3%) 0.2%	16.0% 0.8%	12.3% 0.6%	(0.1%) 0.3%
Multi-exposure BofA Merrill US 3-Month Treasury + 5%4	(0.7%) N/A	4.4% <i>N/A</i>	(4.3%) N/A	4.7% N/A	14.7% 5.9%	0.3% <i>2.1%</i>
Long-term portfolio	2.9%	4.2%	(1.6%)	6.4%	11.7%	(0.5%)

⁽¹⁾ From 1 March 2014 to present

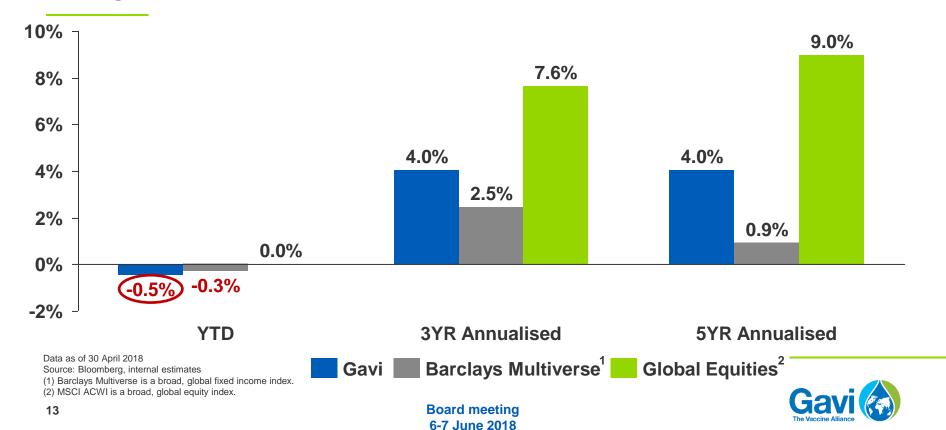


⁽²⁾ From 1 October 2014

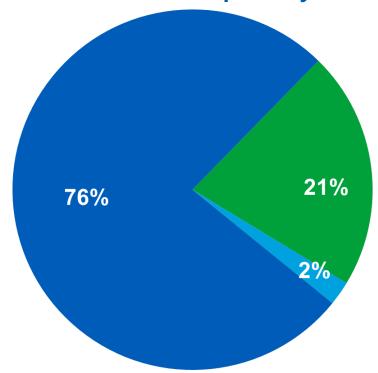
⁽³⁾ Inception date 30 May 2014

⁴⁾ Benchmark not implemented until March 2016

Long-term Portfolio Performance



Long-term Portfolio Liquidity



- Liquid (daily & monthly)
- Semi-liquid (quarterly)
- Illiquid (1 year or more)





Investment Management Governance

Investment Policy Statement

(Detailed investment objectives, portfolio asset compositions, and performance review practices)

Asset Allocation Statement

(Identify asset allocation ranges and risk management limits)

SRI* Policy

(Demonstrate mission-based investments restrictions and portfolio monitoring process)

*Socially Responsible Investment



Background: Investment Policy Review

- In November 2017 the Gavi Alliance Board discussed extending the liquidity limits for a portion of the long-term portfolio.
- In February 2018 the Investment Committee reviewed an updated asset allocation study that included less liquid assets such as private debt.
- The Investment Committee agreed on an allocation of up to 10% to private debt as consistent with Gavi Alliance's risk profile.



Outcome: Investment Policy Review

- In order to accommodate the inclusion of less liquid assets, the Committee reviewed updated drafts of the Investment Policy Statement and the Asset Allocation Statement.
- The amendments would not result in any changes to the investment objectives, management structure or overall portfolio composition of the long-term portfolio.
- The Committee approved the amendments at its May meeting.



Key Highlights 1H2018

Portfolio Volatility

The Committee continues to add less-directional and lowly correlated strategies that should help dampen volatility, and terminate or reduce exposure to directional strategies.

Update: Certain relative value fixed income strategies turned in positive performance, bucking the negative performance of the broader fixed income market. The Committee continues to review strategies that offer diversification.

Investment Policy Statement

In light of the November 2017 Board discussion around extending the liquidity profile of a portion of the long-term portfolio, the Committee reviewed asset allocation studies that included assets with higher return potential and medium-term lock-ups.

Update: The Investment Committee reviewed the Investment Policy Statement and approved it with modest edits and clarification of language. The Policy will come into force subject to no objections from the Board.

SRI Screening

The Committee reviewed semi-annual SRI results in May and did not terminate any managers.

Update: It approved a new Environmental/Social/Governance ("ESG") passive index fund in light of the gun control debate in the US to manage reputational risk.



Key Priorities 2H2018

Maintain Focus On Limiting Volatility

The Committee continues to take steps to modulate volatility, and ensure managers are fit for each respective strategy bucket. Volatility may well present new opportunities at a later date.

Foster Sustainable Investment Practices

The Committee joined an investor network run by Ceres, a sustainability non-profit, as a means to collectively engage in and advocate for a broad range of sustainability issues, including climate change.

Portfolio vendors

The Committee relies on Sustainalytics, one of the top global service providers for SRI screening. Per Gavi Alliance's procurement rules, the Investments team will need to issue an RFP by year-end.



THANK YOU

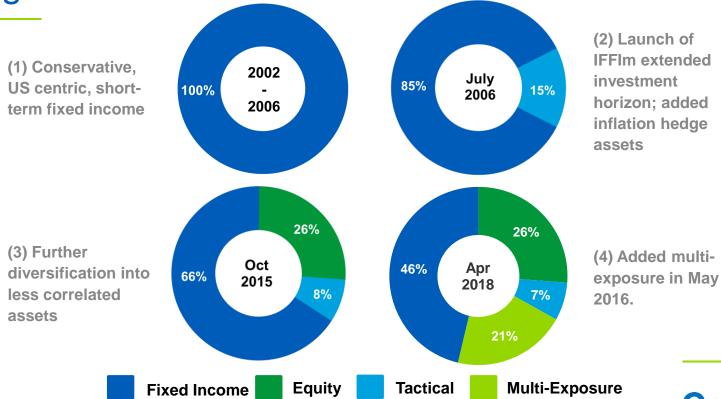




Appendix



Long-term Portfolio Evolution



Board meeting

6-7 June 2018



Exposure Characteristics

	Characteristics
Fixed Income (40% - 75%)	Capital preservation, income
Equity (15% - 25%)	Growth, inflation hedge (moderate)
Tactical (0% - 10%)	Less correlated assets lacking the typical characteristics of fixed income or equity
Multi-exposure (15%-30%)	Liquid, flexible, and risk diversified strategies



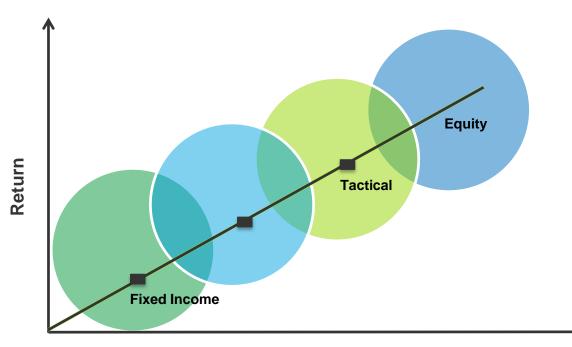
Asset Allocation: What To Consider

In assessing an appropriate mix of investments, the Investments team with the guidance of the Investment Committee and a strategic consultant considers the following:

- 1. Appetite for volatility/risk
- 2. Balancing liquidity of investments
- 3. Frequency and size of drawdowns (to pay liabilities)
- 4. Diversification (adding investments that will behave differently under various economic scenarios)



Risk Versus Return





Board meeting 6-7 June 2018



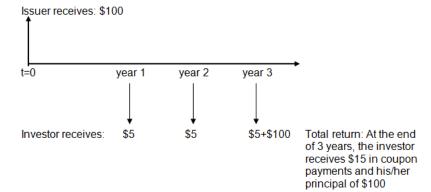
Fixed Income

Definition:

A financial obligation from an issuer (e.g. a government) to the investor which typically includes:

- 1. Periodic interest (coupon) payments
- 2. Repayment of principal at maturity
- Example:

US\$ 100, 3-year obligation with a fixed, annual coupon of 5%





Equity

Definition:

A security that provides the investor with an equity or ownership stake in a company. The investor seeks to earn at least one of the following:

- 1. Dividends (profit distribution)
- 2. Capital gain (market value at sale purchase price)

Stocks are *not* a short-term investment; in general they are appropriate for investors who have a time horizon greater than 5 years.



Tactical

Definition:

Investments that serve as diversifiers within the GAVI long-term portfolio. They do not share the typical characteristics of fixed income and equity. Examples include:

- Commodities
- Infrastructure
- Real estate investment trusts









Multi-Exposure

Definition:

Investing in a combination of various asset classes through the use of liquid, flexible strategies. It serves the goal of diversifying risk and mitigating volatility.

These strategies may include common asset classes such as:

- Equity
- Fixed Income
- Currencies
- Commodities



Socially Responsible Investment (SRI)

- Gavi SRI Policy requires semi-annual negative screening on investments in companies that produce tobacco products, weapons, landmines/cluster munitions and companies that have or are alleged to have material breaches of human rights and child labour standards.
- Gavi only screens individual company holdings, e.g., public equities and corporate bonds. Some corporate investments are not screened because the fund holdings are not transparent or in index funds.
- The value of noncompliant companies in each fund cannot exceed 2%. An internal
 evaluation will be initiated for a fund if it has breached the 2% limit for two
 consecutive screenings.



Thank you



