GAVI'S VACCINE INVESTMENT STRATEGY (VIS)

BOARD TECHNICAL BRIEFING 13 June 2017, Geneva



Agenda

- 1. Overview of the VIS and Gavi's portfolio (15 mins) Gavi Secretariat
- 2. Landscaping of candidate investments (10 mins) Martin Friede, WHO
- 3. Rabies case study (10 mins) Bernadette Abela-Ridder, WHO
- 4. Strategic considerations for 2018 VIS (5 mins) Gavi Secretariat
- 5. Moderated discussion (45 mins)

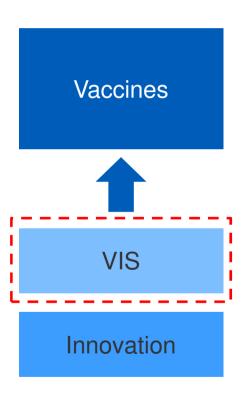


Overview of VIS and Gavi's portfolio



VIS one component of Gavi's country support

Health Systems and Immunisation Strengthening



Technical assistance



VIS is Gavi's approach to identifying future vaccine investment priorities

Objectives:

- To identify future immunisation investments of high public health importance to Gavi-supported countries for inclusion in Gavi's portfolio in the next 5 years
- To develop guidance on future investment priorities beyond 5 years

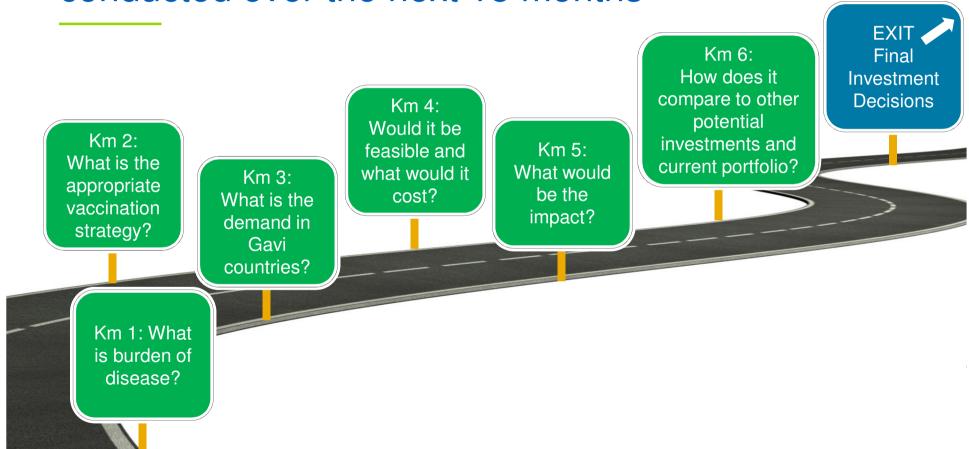
Outputs:

- 1. Board-approved investment for specific immunisation product(s), identified through an evidence-based process
- 2. Guidance (non-binding) for longer-term (i.e., beyond 5 years) investment priorities

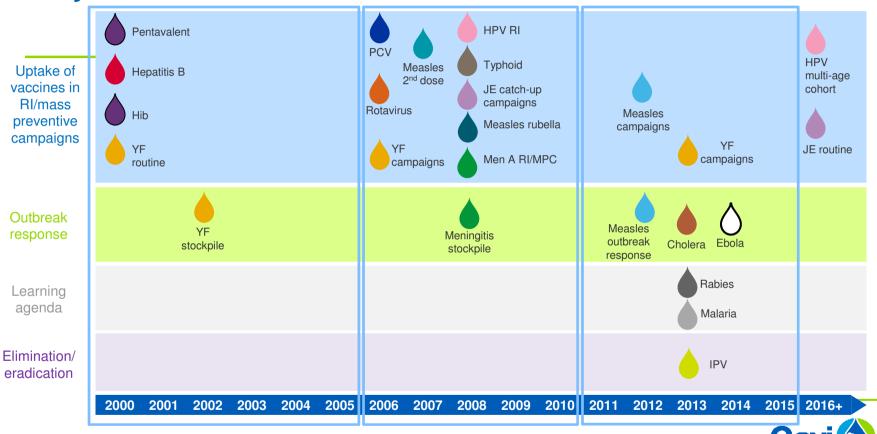




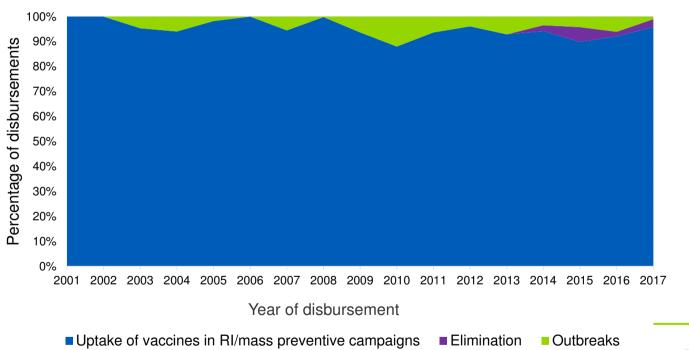
A robust and evidence-based process will be conducted over the next 18 months



Objectives of investments more diverse over time

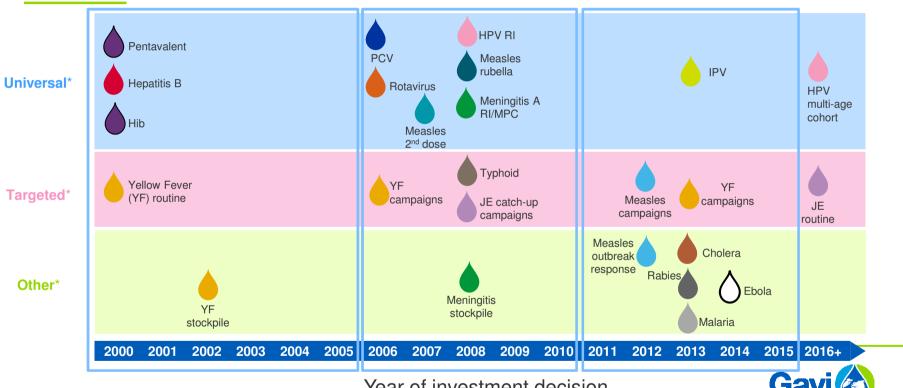


However, the majority of Gavi spend is still focused on uptake of high impact vaccines



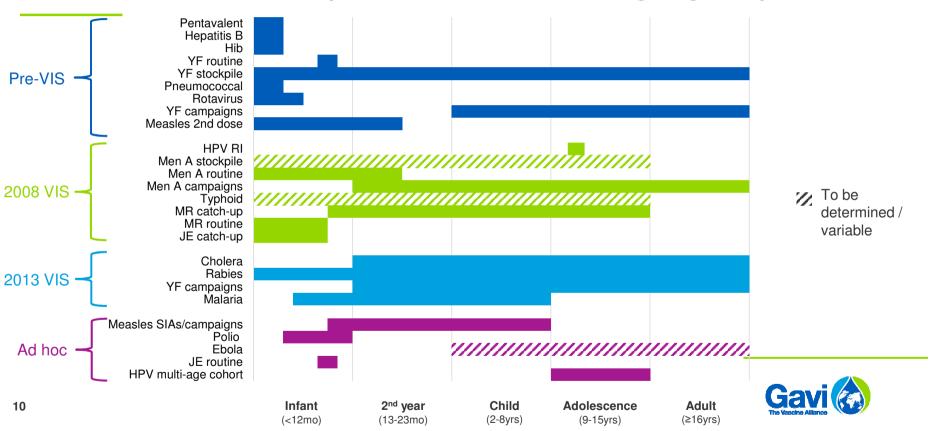


Vaccine investments increasingly targeted at specific sets of countries

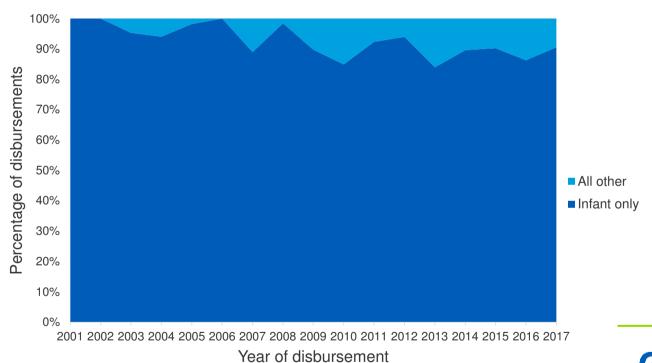


Year of investment decision

Initially focused primarily on infant/EPI, vaccine investments now span a number of age groups



Infant/EPI schedule represents a decreasing proportion of Gavi's spend



Gavi The Vaccine Alliance

Scoping the vaccine landscape for potential candidates



Rabies case study



Strategic considerations for VIS 2018



VIS has traditionally prioritised health impact, but opportunity to broaden investment lens

Previous VIS

Overall and U5 mortality

Procurement cost per deaths averted

Current VIS

Additional lenses for health impact?

Morbidity, AMR, strengthening delivery platforms

Looking beyond direct health impact?

"Global public good" vaccines (e.g., epidemics; eradication)



Potential additional health impact lens: Strengthening "delivery platforms"















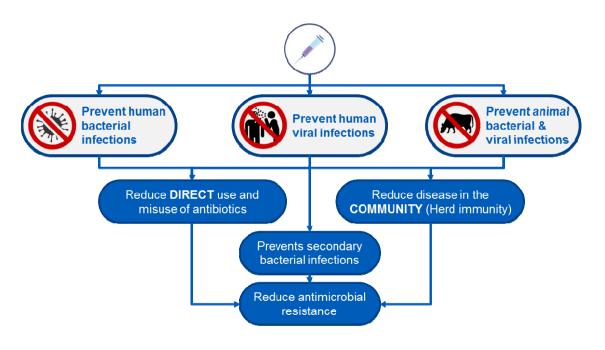








Potential additional health impact lens: Reduction in antimicrobial resistance (AMR)



Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine example

In South Africa, rates of IPD characterised by drug-resistant isolates declined by >80% in <2yo

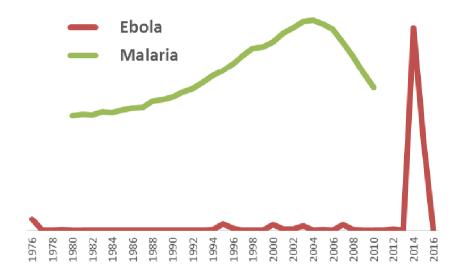
Universal global coverage could potentially reduce antibiotic use by 11.4m days annually in <5yo



Looking beyond direct health impact: *Vaccines for epidemic preparedness*

Global deaths

Relative trends, not same scale



- Differentiating factor: sporadic and uncertain nature of disease
- Vaccines as preparedness and risk mitigation tool
- Vaccines potentially never utilised



Potentially taking a longer-term view within the VIS



2019 - 2023

VIS: 5 year scope

Vaccine development: 10+ years

Long-term guidance within the VIS?



Potential differentiated approach within the VIS

Multiple investment objectives

- New / additional "direct health impact" vaccines
- "Global public good" vaccines
- Strengthening / expanding current programmes

Different decision outcomes / modalities

- New vaccine country support window
- Global stockpile
- Learning agenda
- Signalling future priorities (vaccines in 5-10 year window)

May require distinct decision frameworks and evaluation criteria



Questions for discussion

- 1. To what extent should Gavi consider other dimensions of vaccine impact (e.g., morbidity, AMR, economic impact)?
- 2. What is Gavi's comparative advantage in strengthening delivery platforms (e.g., maternal vaccination)?
- 3. Should Gavi also signal interest in longer-term (>5 year) vaccine priorities and how could this be effectively done?
- 4. What is Gavi's role in supporting "global public goods" versus direct health impact in Gavi countries?



BACKUP



Proportion of disbursements by scope of investment

