Immunisation is one of the most successful and cost-effective health investments in history. Children who are immunised are healthier and more likely to attend and do well at school, and to go on to become productive, healthy adults. Despite this compelling evidence, 19.4 million children, mainly in lower-income countries (including at least 8.6 million children among OIC Member States), are still not fully protected with the most basic vaccines. More than one in five of all children who die before the age of five lose their lives to vaccine-preventable diseases. Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance is a global partnership bringing together public and private sectors with the shared goal of creating equal access to vaccines for all children.

In 2000, when Gavi was established, around 10 million children died before reaching their fifth birthday. Gavi’s support has been a major factor in reducing the number of deaths due to vaccine-preventable diseases by as much as 70%.

Gavi has protected a whole generation of children, 760 million of them, including 314 million in OIC Member States, from potentially fatal infectious diseases – improving their life chances and increasing the likelihood that they will grow up to be healthy and productive adults. Gavi support has averted more than 13 million deaths globally, including 5.6 million in OIC Member States.

The past 20 years have also seen a narrowing in the gap in life chances between the rich and poor. Gavi’s work with its ever-widening circle of public and private sector partners is reducing inequity: more and more children born to low-income families are being given the opportunity to have a healthy start in life.

Gavi helps PREVENT deaths, PROTECT health and economies PROSPER

More than 140 million children are born into the world every year; each one of them requires domestic and international investment to provide the protection of vaccines if we aspire to make our world safe, unburden families from preventable disease, and enable the next generation to thrive in life.

Dr Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala
Gavi Board Chair
Former Minister of Finance of Nigeria
The Vaccine Alliance has played a key role in increasing immunisation coverage across 33 OIC Member States by introducing nine vaccines: human papillomavirus (HPV), inactivated polio vaccine (IPV), measles, measles-rubella (MR), meningitis A (MenA), pentavalent, pneumococcal, rotavirus and yellow fever (YF) – providing protection against 13 vaccine-preventable diseases.

**IMMUNISATION LANDSCAPE**

- With Gavi support, more than 26 million children in 33 OIC Member States have been immunised with the third dose of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis-containing vaccine (DTP3) as of 2018 (almost 41% of all children immunised with Gavi support).
- Coverage of the third dose of DTP3, a proxy for the completion of vaccination series, for the 33 OIC Member States is 75%.

**20 YEARS OF GAVI’S CONTRIBUTION IN OIC MEMBER STATES**

- From its inception in 2000 through the end of 2019, Gavi funded a total of 496 vaccine launches in Gavi-supported countries, including 238 vaccine introductions and campaigns in 33 OIC Member States.
- During this time, Gavi made a total disbursement of US$ 14.3 billion to all Gavi-supported countries. Out of this amount, US$ 7.2 billion (51%) was disbursed to the 33 Gavi-supported OIC Member States.
- In a period of almost two decades, Gavi has reached 314 million children in 33 OIC Member States with routine immunisation programmes (41% of all children immunised with Gavi support).
- For the past 20 years, Gavi-supported immunisation programmes in 33 OIC Member States have helped avert 5.6 million deaths.

**SUSTAINABLE FINANCING**

- Vaccine co-financing by Gavi-supported OIC Member States increased considerably when the co-financing policy commenced – jumping from US$ 9 million in 2008 to US$ 82 million in 2019. In total, OIC governments have invested almost US$ 621 million in the co-financing of Gavi-supported vaccines.
- Azerbaijan, Guyana and Indonesia are the first OIC Member States to fully transition from Gavi support.

**UNREACHED CHILDREN**

- Despite the remarkable achievement of Gavi in 33 OIC Member States, a significant number of children are not reached by Gavi support. Fragility and challenges linked to the delivery of quality primary health care, vaccine hesitancy, logistics and health worker practices are the main drivers of under-immunisation in Gavi-supported OIC Member States.
- In 2018, there were more than 8.6 million under-immunised children in Gavi-supported OIC Member States, which accounted for 57% of under-immunised children in Gavi-supported countries. These missed children, often found in urban slum areas, rural settings or conflict settings, are susceptible to contracting vaccine-preventable diseases.
- Six fragile OIC Member States accounted for almost 1.7 million under-immunised children in 2018.

**PREVENT, PROTECT, PROSPER: Gavi’s 2021–2025 strategic period**

Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance will invest at least US$ 9.4 billion in 2021–2025 in the following key programmes:

- **Vaccine programmes:** US$ 5.27 billion (including US$ 2.7 billion for 31 OIC Member States)
- **Immunisation systems and enabling infrastructure:** US$ 3.3 billion (including US$ 800 million for 31 OIC Member States)

Leveraging donor financing, empowering countries and shaping sustainable markets, Gavi will mitigate the impact of the pandemic and immunise 300 million more children during 2021–2025, saving 7–8 million lives that would otherwise be lost.

**COVID-19 Response**

Gavi has made up to US$ 200 million available to help lower-income countries to respond quickly to the COVID-19 pandemic – including to protect health care workers with personal protective equipment (PPE), perform vital surveillance and training, and fund diagnostic tests.

Working with partners, Gavi has estimated an initial investment of at least US$ 2 billion to immunise 20 million health care workers and create a vaccine stockpile to be deployed where it is needed most. Further investment would be required to secure equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines for all who need them.

* Afghanistan, Albania, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, Comoros, Côte d’Ivoire, Djibouti, the Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Indonesia, Kyrgyzstan, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tajikistan, Togo, Turkmenistan, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Yemen