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### **Executive summary**

The Annual Evaluation Report (AER) 2024 provides a comprehensive overview of Gavi's evaluation activities and their contribution to the organisation's progress towards its strategic goals. This report, produced under the 2021 Evaluation Policy, is part of the implementation of Gavi's strategic plan for 2021–2025 (Gavi 5.0/5.1). The primary audiences for this report are Gavi's Board and governance committees, the Gavi Alliance, and the broader global health community. The 2024 AER is more succinct and focused on key elements of use and achievements for evaluations compared to previous versions.



### Highlights and use of evidence

Centralised evaluations: The Centralised Evaluation Team (CET) completed two evaluations: the mid-term evaluation (MTE) of Gavi's 2021–2025 strategy, as well as the first phase of the evaluation of Gavi's contribution to reaching zero-dose children and missed communities (ZD evaluation). Both evaluations completed their Evaluation Management Responses (EMRs) and signed off within 60 working days. Two centralised evaluations were ongoing in 2024 and include the second phase of the ZD evaluation and the evaluation of the COVAX Facility and COVAX Advance Market Commitment (AMC). Three planned evaluations will carry over to the Gavi 6.0 centralised evaluation workplan.

Decentralised evaluations: Managed by other Gavi Secretariat teams, three decentralised evaluations were completed, ten are ongoing and five are planned for 2025. These evaluations provided key evidence to support decision-making in areas such as technical assistance, digital health information (DHI) systems and sustainability of national cold chain systems.



## Ongoing efforts to strengthen the evaluation function

MOPAN assessment: The 2023–2024 Multilateral Organisational Performance Assessment Network (MOPAN) assessment highlighted a strengthened evaluation function with satisfactory or highly satisfactory ratings. Recommendations include

developing a holistic approach to evaluation, expanding dissemination of learning, addressing cross-cutting issues, and better linking centralised and decentralised evaluations.

**Evaluation function review:** An independent review conducted by IOD Parc provided work recommendations to enhance the evaluation function's independence, credibility and use. Key recommendations include developing a clear vision and theory of change (ToC), an evaluation strategy, and ensuring appropriate oversight mechanisms.



### **Budget and financial considerations**

The CET had a stable budget of US\$ 3.5 million, with US\$ 2.1 million spent in 2024. For 2025, US\$ 1.35 million is planned for centralised evaluations and one decentralised evaluation. Efforts are under way to improve visibility on budget information for decentralised evaluations.



#### Gender and climate mainstreaming

Efforts to mainstream gender and climate considerations in evaluation processes were continued in 2024 and included considerations of gender equity when reviewing evaluation proposal bids and drafting a guidance note on how to include climate change considerations in evaluation.



#### Preparation of the Gavi 6.0 evaluation workplan

The development of the Gavi 6.0 evaluation workplan began in 2024, focusing on identifying potential evidence needs to assess Gavi's progress on its 6.0 strategy and address emerging focus areas in consultation with Gavi Secretariat teams, Gavi Board and Programme and Policy Committee (PPC) members, Alliance members, and other Global Health Institutions (GHIs).

### AER 2024 highlights and use of the evidence

### Centralised evaluations<sup>1</sup>



#### Number of completed centralised evaluations:

### Number of ongoing centralised evaluations:

Mid-term evaluation (MTE) of Gavi's 2021-2025

**Evaluation of Gavi's** 

contribution to reaching zero-dose children and missed

communities (ZD

September 2022 -

evaluation)

March 2024

Phase 1

October 2022 -April 2024

**Evaluation of Gavi's contribution** to reaching zero-dose children and missed communities

(May 2024-Q1 2025)3

**Evaluation of the COVAX Facility** and COVAX Advance Market Commitment (AMC) (Gavi Secretariat) and COVAX pillar delivery efforts (joint evaluation)

February 2024-March 2025



#### Number of planned centralised evaluations:

Three centralised evaluations from the Gavi 5.0/5.1 centralised evaluation workplan (2021–2025) will carry over to the Gavi 6.0 centralised evaluation workplan (2026-2030).

Evaluation of the Big Catch-Up (BCU) initiative

Planned request for proposal (RFP) launch in Q4 2025

2024 status: A light-touch internal evaluability assessment was undertaken in 2024.

External evaluability assessment of the endline evaluation of the African Vaccine Manufacturina Accelerator (AVMA)4

Planned RFP launch in Q2 2025

2024 status: Consultations with the Secretariat's AVMA team to inform the RFP.

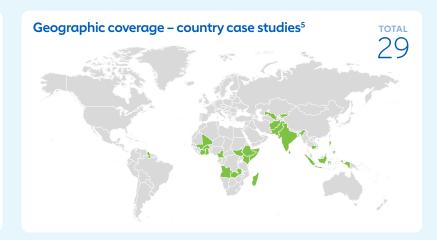
Evaluation of the enhanced Eligibility, Transition and Co-financing (ELTRACO) model

2024 status: Participation in an Alliance consultation on the Gavi 6.0 joint Learning Agenda for the ELTRACO model and the Health Systems and Immunisation Strenathenina (HSIS) policy to inform evaluation scope and work planning.

Ipsos 👛

For both evaluations, the Evaluation Management Response (EMR)<sup>2</sup> was completed and signed off by the business owner within 60 working days, as per Gavi's Evaluation Policy.

### Representation of global/regional vs. country-level perspectives **Number of Key** Informants (KIs) – across all 399 288 centralised evaluations Completed/ ongoing in 2024 Global/regional-level KIs Country-level KIs



- 1. Centralised evaluations are planned, commissioned and managed by Gavi's Centralised Evaluation Team (CET) within the Evaluation and Learning Unit (EvLU) and are assessed by Gavi's Evaluation Advisory Committee (EAC).
- EMRs are requested following an evaluation to indicate whether management (i.e. relevant business owners) agree, partially agree or disagree with the evaluation recommendations and to indicate actions for each recommendation that is agreed or partially agreed upon
- 3. Centralised evaluations are considered completed when the EMR has been published on Gavi's website.
- 4. The endline evaluation of AVMA is anticipated after 2035.
- 5. Seven thematic case studies were conducted for MTE instead of country case studies (13 countries were selected for these).

### Examples of evaluation key evidence dissemination and use in 2024

- The COVAX Facility and COVAX Advance Market Commitment (AMC)
   Formative Review and Baseline Study informed the decision to establish
   the Day Zero Financing Facility, which was approved by the Board in
   December 2023.
- In February 2024, a meeting with Gavi's Senior Leadership Team (SLT) took place to discuss the use of the evidence from the <u>Evaluation</u> of <u>Gavi's contribution to reaching zero-dose children and missed communities Year 1 annual report and the <u>Mid-term evaluation of Gavi's 2021–2025 strategy</u> (MTE) to inform the design of Gavi 6.0.
  </u>
- Following the Technical Briefing to the Gavi Board and Programme and Policy Committee (PPC) in April 2024, multiple requests from Board and PPC members were received to access the final report of the Mid-term evaluation of Gavi's 2021–2025 strategy, given its importance in informing design and operationalisation of Gavi 6.0.
- Preliminary findings from the Gavi Evaluation Function Review (July 2024) highlighted that the <u>Evaluation of Gavi's contribution to reaching</u> <u>zero-dose children and missed communities Year 1 annual report</u> was frequently cited by key informants as an example of a useful and relevant evaluation.
- The MTE and the <u>Evaluation of the operationalisation of Gavi's</u> strategy through policies, programmatic guidance and use of <u>funding levers</u> (Strat. Ops.) informed updates to the HSIS Policy.
- Emerging insights from recent evaluations (including COVAX Phase 2 and ZD evaluation) were used to inform the partnership deep-dive discussions at the Alliance Partnership and Performance Team (APPT) meeting in Addis Ababa in October 2024.
- In December 2024, the Gavi Board approved the consolidation of seven funding levers into one consolidated cash grant, aligned with recommendations from recent centralised evaluations (ZD evaluation, Strat. Ops. and MTE).

### Key lessons emerging from the joint evaluation process

Evaluation of the COVAX Facility and COVAX AMC (Gavi Secretariat) and COVAX pillar delivery efforts



### **Strengthened partnerships:** the joint evaluation process

the joint evaluation process deepened understanding of each agency's mandates,

capacities and priorities, creating a foundation for future collaboration. Enhanced coordination across programmatic and evaluation teams demonstrated how joint efforts can bridge gaps and align diverse perspectives.



**Collaboration exemplar:** this joint evaluation highlighted the effectiveness of early engagement, clear governance

structures and transparent communication for smooth coordination and buy-in among multiple stakeholders.



Flexibility and tailored approaches: the joint evaluation underscored the need for flexibility in resource

allocation, including evaluation planning and the importance of tailored approaches at the country level. Strategic use of partner expertise was also emphasised.

#### Engagement with key stakeholders<sup>6</sup>

#### Validation workshops:7

- ZD evaluation Phase 1 (Dec 2023): around 100
  participants, including Board and PPC members, as well
  as representatives from the World Health Organization
  (WHO) and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).
- MTE (Feb 2024): around 100 participants, including Gavi Board and PPC members, as well as representatives from the WHO, UNICEF and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF).

#### Technical briefings8 for the Board and PPC:

• ZD evaluation Phase 1 and MTE (April 2024).

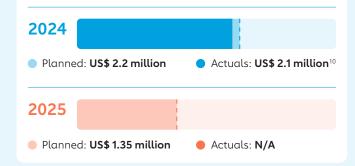
#### Dissemination sessions:

 ZD evaluation Phase 2: the supplier (Ipsos) was invited to present the emerging findings at Gavi's Zero-Dose Learning Week in September 2024 (for Alliance partners).

### **Budget for centralised evaluations**

The Centralised Evaluation Team (CET) has a stable allocated activity budget line of **US\$ 3.5 million.** 

In 2024, an expenditure totalling US\$ 2.1 million from the MEL budget was allocated to both centralised and decentralised evaluations. As of December 2024, US\$ 1.35 million is planned for 2025 for centralised evaluations and one decentralised evaluation.



- 6. Refers to validation workshops, dissemination meetings, technical briefings and other strategic meetings with key stakeholders, to enhance use of evaluation findings, with information on the count of attendees, inclusive of representatives from the Secretariat, the Board and the PPC.
- 7. The key objective of validation workshops is to make recommendations more specific, actionable and feasible to implement.
- 8. Technical briefings refer to various types of sessions (including deep dives) where the audience is all members of the Board and/or one of its committees.
- 9. In 2024, efforts to consolidate the information on the budget spent on Gavi's decentralised evaluations across the organisation were undertaken. Further measures are needed to ensure full oversight and visibility on this information.
- 10. According to SAP in January 2025. Subject to the Audit and Financial Committee's (AFC) adjustment and validation.

### 1.2 Decentralised evaluations<sup>11</sup>



Number of completed decentralised evaluations:

3



Number of ongoing decentralised evaluations:



Number of planned decentralised evaluations:<sup>12</sup>

Geographic coverage of country case studies

TOTAL
40

### Thematic areas of the evaluation evidence generated by decentralised evaluations in 2024

The decentralised evaluations completed or ongoing in 2024 provided key evidence to support decision-making. The insights generated pertain to important areas of work such as:



Improving technical assistance from partners at the country level



Ennhancing the use of digital health information (DHI) systems for planning and programming



Supporting civil society organisations (CSOs) in their advocacy efforts



Considering strategies such as cash transfers, direct facility financing and performance-based financing



Strengthening the sustainability of national cold chain systems.

#### **Budget for decentralised evaluations**

The CET currently lacks visibility on budget information pertaining to decentralised evaluations. Efforts are under way to develop a process for systematically collecting data related to decentralised evaluations (including budget details) from across Gavi, as financial resourcing information for decentralised evaluations is not yet comprehensive.

The total budget allocated for the decentralised evaluations scheduled to begin in 2025 amounts to US\$ 6.1 million.<sup>13</sup>

### Examples of evaluation key evidence dissemination and use in 2024

The Evaluation of Gavi Independent Review (IRC evaluation) informed the establishment of a differentiated approach to application review processes (streamlined for low-risk and low-complexity applications and more in-depth and iterative for highly complex ones). The evaluation also highlighted the need to update the IRC terms of reference, particularly regarding mandate, review modalities and stakeholder interfaces. Revisions were approved by the Gavi Board

in December 2024.

In December 2024, the partners' engagement framework (PEF) team organised a special online virtual learning session for global, regional and country Alliance partners to discuss the findings and recommendations of the recent 2024 PEF-TCA (targeted country assistance) individual country assessments (Ethiopia, Nigeria, the Democratic Republic of the Congo), and to facilitate cross-learning by Gavi Alliance and implementing partners, donors, EPIs and other stakeholders.

Findings from the 2024 PEF-TCA Individual Country Assessment for the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) were used to inform their Full Portfolio Planning (FPP).

<sup>11.</sup> Decentralised evaluations are typically planned, commissioned and managed by other Gavi Secretariat teams outside the Evaluation and Learning Unit (EvLU), and these are not assessed by the EAC.

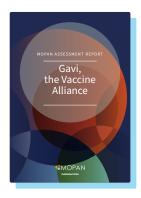
<sup>12.</sup> Information provided by Gavi departments, January 2025.

<sup>13.</sup> Information provided by Gavi departments, January 2025.



# Ongoing efforts to strengthen the evaluation function

MOPAN assessment of Gavi 2023–2024 – evaluation function



Evidence of a strengthened evaluation function has increased since the previous Multilateral Organisation Performance Assessment Network (MOPAN) assessment (2015–2016), with all indicators related to the evaluation function rated as satisfactory or highly satisfactory.

One of the five high-level recommendations from the 2023–2024 MOPAN assessment is to develop a holistic and comprehensive approach to evaluation to support understanding of whether this function is adequately resourced and to support the tracking of results holistically.

Other recommendations related to the evaluation include:

- Expanding the active dissemination of its learning and continuing its improved dissemination with partners and peers
- Addressing and incorporating cross-cutting issues, specifically gender, environmental sustainability and climate change
- Clarifying accountability within its unique partnership structure and the specific groups to which the organisation should be accountable to
- Better linking the centralised and decentralised evaluation functions by creating stronger mechanisms for the oversight of decentralised evaluations.



### **Evaluation function review**



An independent review of Gavi's evaluation function – conducted by IOD PARC – took place between May 2024 and November 2024. The purpose was to provide Gavi's Board, committees, Secretariat and the Evaluation Advisory Committee (EAC) with an assessment and specific

recommendations for improvement. The review aimed to ensure the evaluation function is suitable for Gavi 6.0, identify good practices from comparator evaluation functions to enhance independence, credibility and use, review the uptake of recommendations from the 2017 peer review, and inform any necessary revisions of the Gavi Evaluation Policy and the EAC's terms of reference.

Recommendations to strengthen Gavi's evaluation function include:

 Developing a clear, shared vision of the purpose and intended audiences of Gavi's evaluation function, along with a theory of change (ToC) for the evaluation function

- Developing an evaluation strategy to operationalise the evaluation policy and vision for evaluation
- Delivering a more mixed portfolio of evaluations responding to the diverse needs of its constituent groups, balancing learning and accountability needs
- Ensuring it has in place the most appropriate and efficient mechanism(s) for ensuring the required level of oversight for the evaluation function to ensure credibility, utility and independence
- Procuring an external provider to manage the quality assurance of Gavi evaluation
- Exploring with partners what a shared country mechanism for joint health evaluation (e.g. with the Global Fund, GFF, WHO, UNICEF, etc.) would look like, aligned with the Lusaka Agenda
- Undertaking an assessment of the adequacy of human and activity-level resources for evaluation.

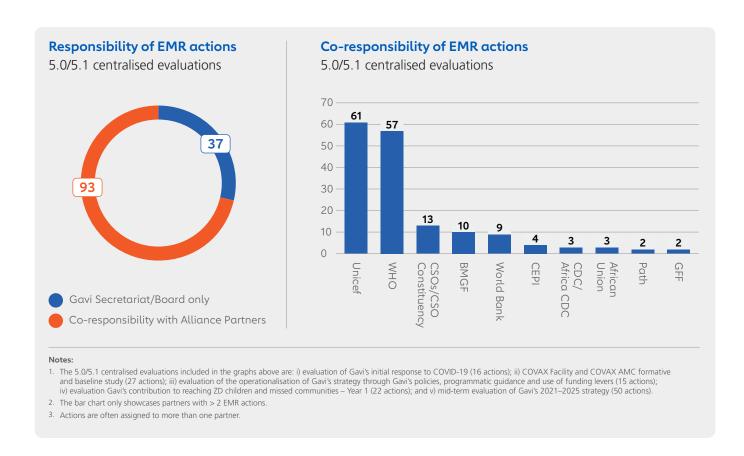


## Following up on the implementation of recommendations from previous evaluations

New EMR organisational key performance indicator (KPI). The percentage of overdue action items from the EMRs<sup>14</sup> has been added as a KPI in the Gavi Balanced Scorecard (GBS), with a target of 70% to be addressed on time. The GBS is reviewed by Gavi's Senior Leadership Team (SLT) as part of its quarterly cross-functional business reviews.

Overdue action items are defined as actions that were not started when the deadline was reached or for which no update on implementation was provided. This allows for an assessment of whether or not we are on track to address gaps identified during evaluations. This KPI is updated on a bi-annual basis (i.e. twice per year). As per the last request to obtain implementation updates from relevant business owners (October 2024), 99% (n = 244/247) of action items had been addressed on time.

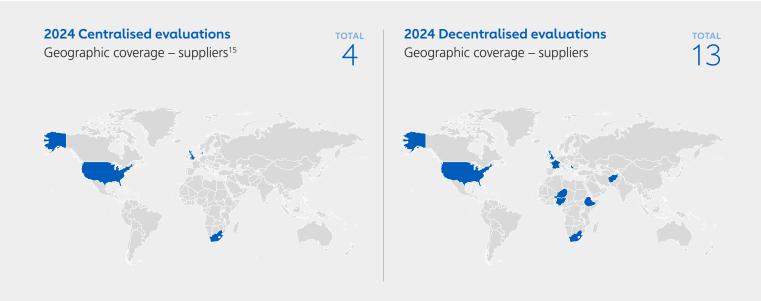
**Co-responsibility of EMR actions with Alliance partners.** Following up on the implementation of EMR actions is a responsibility that is shared with Alliance partners. The graphs on the next page provide an overview of EMR actions from 5.0/5.1 centralised evaluations that necessitate the engagement of Alliance partners for their implementation.



### Efforts to expand the pool of suppliers

Gavi continues its efforts in collaboration with the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (Global Fund) and the Global Financing Facility (GFF) to expand and diversify the centralised evaluation supplier base, striving for enhanced representation from lowand middle-income countries.

A set of metrics was proposed to monitor progress, and a request for information (RFI) was issued in June 2024 to consult with new potential evaluation service providers based in the countries that benefit from the support of the Global Fund and Gavi.





### Efforts to mainstream gender and climate in evaluation processes

#### Gender

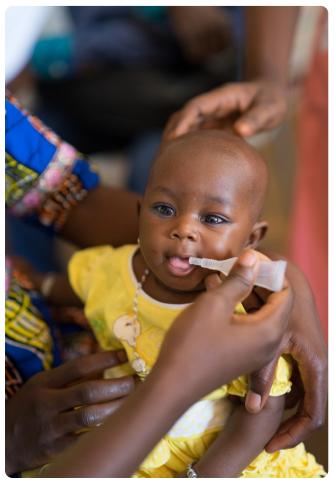
Ongoing collaboration with Gavi's procurement team to update request for proposal (RFP)/terms of reference (ToR) templates with gender consideration prompts, following the 2023 internal report on gender mainstreaming in evaluation.<sup>16</sup>

### Climate change

- A guidance note on how to mainstream climate change in evaluation processes has been drafted.
- A joint session between the evaluation units of Gavi and Global Fund took place in November 2024 to share ideas on how to ensure systematic climate change considerations in evaluation processes.

#### **Next steps:**

Incorporate recommendations from the 2023 gender mainstreaming report and 2024 climate change guidance note into the revision of Gavi's Evaluation Policy, associated standard operating procedures (SOPs)<sup>17</sup> and templates/tools (e.g. terms of reference, request for proposal, quality assessment).



Credit: GAVI/2017/Juliette Bastin

### **Highlights** – gender and climate change considerations in centralised evaluation processes

## Evaluation of the COVAX Facility and COVAX AMC (Gavi Secretariat) and COVAX pillar delivery efforts (joint evaluation)

- Gender balance in the team composition was added as an evaluation criterion when assessing bids.
- Included evaluation questions (EQs) to assess gender equity in the COVAX pillar delivery design and in the impact of the COVAX Facility and AMC.

### Evaluation of Gavi's contribution to reaching zero-dose children and missed communities

- The supplier team included members experienced in undertaking evaluations and research on issues of marginalisation, including gender.
- Key informants included gender experts from the Gavi Secretariat and UNICEF.
- Included EQs that considered the extent to which gender barriers are understood and addressed.



### 2.6 Examples of gender and climate considerations in decentralised evaluations

### Highlights - Decentralised evaluations with an enhanced focus on gender

### DHI roadmap assessments (ongoing in 2024) Commissioned by Gavi HSIS

- The Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health Center for Global Digital Health Innovations & Gender Equity Unit is included in the consortium of partners.
- The scope includes documenting the implementation of gender-related activities.

Evaluation of gender integration into programming and innovative approaches implemented in Gavi 5.1 (planned for 2025)

Commissioned by Gavi HSIS

• Aims to inform the operationalisation of Gavi 6.0 and gender strategy.

### Highlights - Decentralised evaluations with an enhanced focus on climate change

A goal-free evaluation of demand generation and community engagement investments and efforts (planned for 2025) Commissioned by Gavi HSIS

Consideration of climate disruption as one of the variables to understand demand commitment.





### Preparation of the Gavi 6.0 evaluation workplan

The development of Gavi's 6.0 evaluation workplan began in 2024, with evaluations scoped through an indepth review of Board and PPC papers, a review of Gavi's 5.0 learning system questions, and ongoing consultations with Gavi Board and PPC members, Alliance members, and other global health institutions (GHIs).

#### Key priorities for evaluation

The evaluations should assess Gavi's progress on its 6.0 strategy, fill evidence gaps, address emerging focus areas, examine areas with slow progress or implementation challenges and support country-led

evaluative processes. The evaluation portfolio will include strategic and operational evaluations to balance learning and accountability needs.

#### Financial considerations

Financial considerations from the replenishment process will influence the level of investment in the MEL portfolio and evaluations. This may require efficient evaluation approaches, including more efficient sequencing and complementarity across evaluations, prioritising key strategic areas or subsuming some topics into higher-level strategic evaluations.

### **Annexes**

### 41 Annex A: Revised Gavi 5.1 centralised evaluation workplan

Evaluations	Supplier	2021	2022	2 2023	2024		2025
Centralised evaluations of high strategic value to the Board to be commissioned in Gavi 5.1							
Evaluation of Gavi's initial response to COVID-19	Euro Health Group						
COVAX Facility and COVAX AMC formative and baseline study	ITAD						
Mid-term evaluation of Gavi's 2021-2025 Strategy	Euro Health Group						
Evaluation of Gavi's contribution to reaching zero-dose children and missed communities	IPSOS			Phase 1 Ph		Phase ?	Phase 3 cancelled*
Evaluation of the operationalisation of Gavi's strategy through Gavi's policies, programmatic guidance, and use of funding levers	Euro Health Group						
COVAX Facility and COVAX AMC, phase II	Research Triangle Institute						
Sustainability/post-transition		Moved to Gavi 6.0 Evaluation Workplan					
African Vaccine Manufacturing Accelerator (AVMA) - Evaluability assessment of endline evaluation	TBD						
Evaluation of the Big Catch-Up	TBD						

<sup>\*</sup>The Zero-Dose evaluation topic to be reprioritised for the Gavi 6.0 Evaluation Workplan.

Evaluation commissioning period Evaluation implementation and delivery period

## 4.2 Annex B: List of completed, ongoing and planned decentralised evaluations<sup>18</sup>

Dece	entralised evaluations completed in 2024	Completed
1	Partners' Engagement Framework (PEF) Targeted Country Assistance (TCA) Country Assessments (Ethiopia, Nigeria, Democratic Republic of the Congo)	Q3 2024
	Gavi team: Programme Support Team (PST) Use case: To inform TCA planning and design for Gavi 6.0.	
2	Evaluation of the COVAX AMC Financial Instrument	Q2 2024
	Gavi team: Sovereign & Private Sector Engagement Use case: To inform the decision on the future of the AMC Financial Instrument.	
3	Evaluating the Effective Use of DHIS2 & Data to Improve Planning and Monitoring of Immunization, HIV and AIDS, Malaria, and TB Programs: A Three Country Retrospective Study (Joint Evaluation – Gavi and the Global Fund)	Q4 2024
	Gavi team: HSIS Use case: To improve DHIS2, DHIS2 package and DHIS2 tracker use and implementation in the country.	
Dece	entralised evaluations ongoing in 2024	Timeline
1	Development, Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation of a National and/or Subnational Advocacy Strategy for Increased PHC and Immunisation Financing	2022–2025
	Gavi team: Immunisation Financing and Sustainability (IF&S)  Use case: To support future decisions on leveraging CSO to increase country commitment to immunisation and PHC financing.	
2	Design, Implementation, Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning of Country Specific DSI (Conditional Cash or Non-Cash Transfers) for Increasing Demand for Vaccinations, Increasing Coverage and Reducing the Number of Zero Dose Children	2023-2025
	Gavi team: IF&S  Use case: To support future decisions on the launch and scale-up of conditional cash and non-cash transfer programmes for immunisation.	
3	DHI Roadmap Assessments (costed DHI roadmap studies)	2023-2025
	Gavi team: HSIS	
4	Evaluation of Gavi's DHI Strategy	2023-2025
	Gavi team: HSIS	
5	Evaluation of the Niger Direct Financing Facility	2023-2025
	Gavi team: IF&S  Use case: Results will be used by the Expanded Programme on Immunization (EPI) and the Ministry of Health to make decisions on scaling up/not the direct facility financing	

6	Evaluation of the Djibouti Direct Facility Financing (DFF) and Performance-Based Financing (PBF)	2023-2025
	Gavi team: IF&S  Use case: To support future decisions on the launch and scale-up of DFF and PBF approaches for improving immunisation outcomes.	
7	eLMIS Evaluation in Nigeria	2024-2025
	Gavi team: HSIS	
8	Evaluation of the Clinton Health Access Initiative (CHAI)	2024-2025
	Collaborative Learning Strategic Focus Area (SFA)	
	Gavi team: IF&S  Use case: To inform deployment of appropriate technical and managerial skills to enhance planning, prioritisation, allocation and utilisation of Basic Health Care Provision Fund (BHCPF) disbursement for improved PHC services.	
9	Evaluation of Gavi's CSO Host Platform (Amref)	2024-2025
	Gavi team: Public Policy Engagement (PPE) Use case: To inform future hosting arrangements, particularly to support the upcoming Gavi 6.0 strategy (2025-2030).	
10	Afghanistan Unconditional Cash Transfers Plus Programme Evaluation	2024-2025
	Gavi team: IF&S Use case: To support future decisions of Gavi and Alliance partners on the launch and scale-up of unconditional cash transfer plus programmes to achieve impact on immunisation.	

Decentralised evaluations planned for 2025				
1	Delivery Cascade and the New Role of the Office of the CEO			
	<b>Gavi team:</b> Measurement, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) <b>Use case:</b> To generate ongoing learnings about the Gavi Office of the CEO's (OCEO) new ways of working through the Delivery Cascade, supporting decision-making as the organisation leads into 6.0, and improving the delivery of organisational priorities.			
2	Gender Evaluation	2025		
	Gavi team: HSIS Use case: To inform 6.0 investments and Programme Funding Guidelines (PFG)			
3	Evaluation of HFSE-CCEOP Learning Agenda	2025-2026		
	Gavi team: HSIS  Use case: To support future decisions on the scale-up of cold chain equipment optimisation platforms (CCEOP) for wider solarisation of health facilities.			
4	CCEOP Delinking Evaluation	2025		
	Gavi team: HSIS Use case: To inform operationalisation of the delinking approach for Gavi 6.0.			
5	Demand Process Evaluation	2025		
	Gavi team: HSIS Use case: To inform Gavi 6.0 investments.			